

Tricky Pairs Practice Review

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Testing Your Knowledge of Homophones and Confusing Words

Name: _____

Date: _____

Answer the following questions based on the lesson content about homophones and confusing words.

1. What trick will help you remember 'accept' versus 'except'?

2. To _____ something means to receive it, while to _____ it means to leave it out.

3. What is the difference between 'affect' and 'effect'?

- A. Affect is a noun, effect is a verb
- B. Affect is a verb, effect is a noun
- C. They mean the same thing

4. The word 'than' is used to indicate a time sequence.

- True False

5. Can you create a sentence using 'lose' and 'loose' correctly?

6. Which word means to misplace something?

- A. Loose
- B. Lose
- C. Louse

7. When comparing two things, use the word _____.

8. 'Loose' means tight or secure.

- True False

9. Why do 'affect' and 'effect' often confuse people?

10. Which of the following is a memory strategy you could use for remembering 'accept' and 'except'?

- A. Think of 'accept' with an 'A' for 'Add', and 'except' with an 'E' for 'Exclude'
- B. Imagine both words mean the same thing
- C. Use them interchangeably

Answer Key

1. I remember that 'accept' has an 'a' like 'add', which means to receive. 'Except' has an 'e' like 'exclude', meaning to leave out. 2. accept, except 3. Affect is a verb, effect is a noun 4. False 5. I might lose my toy if it is too loose and falls out of my pocket. 6. Lose 7. than 8. False 9. They sound similar, but one is a verb and the other is a noun, which can cause misunderstanding. 10. Think of 'accept' with an 'A' for 'Add', and 'except' with an 'E' for 'Exclude'