

Comparing Fractions Review

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Understanding Benchmarks

Name: _____

Date: _____

Answer the following questions based on what you learned about comparing fractions.

1. What is one benchmark we use to compare fractions?

- A. 0
- B. $\frac{1}{4}$
- C. $\frac{3}{4}$

2. Benchmark 1 means the fraction is equal to the ____.

3. Why is it important to use benchmarks when comparing fractions?

4. Match the benchmark to its meaning.

0

Very small fraction

$\frac{1}{2}$

Halfway point

1

Whole amount

5. Which fraction is closer to $\frac{1}{2}$?

- A. $\frac{1}{3}$
- B. $\frac{3}{4}$
- C. $\frac{2}{5}$

6. Using benchmarks helps us quickly tell if a fraction is ____ than $\frac{1}{2}$.

7. What is the relationship between God's order and understanding fractions?

8. If a fraction is greater than 1, what does it mean?

- A. It is a whole fraction
- B. It is a part of a whole
- C. It is less than half

9. A fraction that is compared to benchmark 0 is seen as very ____.

10. How can we use fraction bars to compare fractions?

Answer Key

1. 0 2. whole 3. Benchmarks help us understand how big or small a fraction is compared to others. 4. Very small fraction 5. $\frac{1}{3}$ 6. larger 7. God values precision, and understanding fractions helps us be careful and accurate. 8. It is a whole fraction 9. small 10. Fraction bars let us see the size of each fraction clearly next to benchmarks.

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